

# LONDON CALLS ALL UNDER 40 FOR STRIKE DUTY

TO-NIGHT'S WEATHER—Fair and Cooler.



## The Evening World.

"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER—Probably Rain.



PRICE TWO CENTS.

Copyright, 1919, by The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World).

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1919.

28 PAGES

PRICE TWO CENTS.

# U. S. ACTS TO STOP ALL RIOTS

## AMERICAN SOLDIER FLOGGED BY COSSACK TROOPS

### ALL MEN UNDER 40 CALLED FOR SPECIAL POLICE SERVICE IN LONDON DURING STRIKE

Military Guards Put on Trains, More of Which Are Now Running.

GOVERNMENT WINNING.

Volunteers Supply All Kinds of Transportation to Bring in Food.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Commander of Police of London has issued an appeal for all male citizens under forty years of age to enroll as special police. Special Magistrates are to be in attendance during the day to swear in these special officers.

Further improvement in the situation during the day was indicated by the Government's statement this evening. An extended railroad service had been in operation during the day, it was stated, while the distribution of foodstuffs continued satisfactorily. The communication contained this request:

"The public is asked to exercise strict economy in foodstuffs, particularly milk, in order that the children shall not suffer. The most rigorous economy in coal and petrol should be practiced. The transport men's representatives in their visit to the Minister of Labor had an interview with Sir David Shackleton, Permanent Secretary of the Ministry.

A meeting of all branches of the transport federation has been called for to-morrow. The executive body of the transport men will confer to-night with the committee of the National Union of Railwaymen. A meeting of the Busmen and Cabmen's Union will also be held this evening.

The official communique from Downing Street at noon had announced that the railway service was improving, more trains having been run than called for under the schedules prepared by the companies yesterday.

Attempts to derail trains, which occurred yesterday for the first time since the beginning of the strike, were referred to by the Downing Street statement as "some minor acts of sabotage."

The Government to-day apparently was gradually gaining the upper hand. Possession of all the transport machinery used during the war makes the Government's task easier than has been expected.

Military guards were placed on all trains in the northern section to-day with instructions to take effective measures against interference with their operation.

Meantime there is no sign of a compromise. No communications have taken place between the strike leaders and the Government since Friday. The public feeling is fiercely against the strikers and the people are enduring immense hardships cheerfully in the expectation that these sudden attempts to hold up the community at the will of a section of workmen may be finished with.

Most surprising is the help that is coming from volunteers. Private enterprise and individual effort are working miracles in helping the Government feed and transport the population.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

### COSSACKS FLOG AMERICAN SOLDIER; UPHELD BY JAPS

U. S. General Demands Apology After Arrest of Two by "Siberian Villa."

WASHINGTON IS ADVISED

Incident Regarded as Most Serious Since Troops Went to Russia.

VLADIVOSTOK, Friday, Sept. 28 (Associated Press).—Major Gen. William S. Graves, commander of American forces in Siberia, has demanded an apology from Gen. Rozanoff, in command of Russian troops in Primorje province, for the arrest of Capt. L. P. Johns of the 27th Regiment and Co. Benjamin Sperling of the 31st and the flogging of the latter by Cossacks commanded by Gen. Kalmikoff. An investigation of the conduct of a Japanese officer at Iman, the place where the arrests took place, has also been begun by the Japanese high command. The incident, which occurred Sept. 2, is considered one of the most serious to occur since the Allies landed in Siberia.

The two Americans, in uniform and on official business, went to Iman, a town 120 miles north of this city on the section of the railroad guarded by Chinese troops, passports being unnecessary by agreement between the Allies. While they were at a hotel there, a detachment of Cossacks entered and arrested the Americans, claiming they were not provided with identification papers.

Capt. Johns escaped, and, watching a moving train, went to Spassk, where he reported to the American officer in command. A detachment of 150 Americans from the 27th Regiment at once entrained and went to Iman to effect Sperling's release, and on arriving there took three Cossacks as hostages.

They found Gen. Kalmikoff's men entrenched near the station and were preparing to use force against them when a Japanese major intervened for the Cossacks, stating, it is alleged, that in the event of hostilities between the Americans and Cossacks, the Japanese troops at Iman would side with the latter.

He at last told the Americans that Sperling had been taken to Khabarovsk, where Gen. Kalmikoff has his headquarters. A telegraphic demand for Sperling was sent to Khabarovsk and a reply received that he would be released at once. The Americans then returned to Spassk, taking their hostages with them.

A preliminary investigation of the incident shows, it is said, that Sperling was flogged, a punishment that is usually meted out to a recalcitrant Cossack.

Gen. Kalmikoff, who is considered by Americans here as a "Siberian Villa," has, with his band, been a constant source of trouble. It is charged, his raids being marked by cruelties and atrocities.

Washington Refers Matter to State Department. WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Secretary Baker said today that Major Gen. Graves, commanding the American forces in Siberia, had informed the Department that an officer and enlisted man had been held by Cossacks and released upon his demand, and that the matter had been referred to the State Department "for subsequent action." The Department, Mr. Baker said, had not heard of the reported interference by a Japanese officer with American troops sent to effect the release of the captured man.

TAKE BELLEANS BEFORE MEALS and see how that Good Digestion makes you feel—MAY.

### WILSON MUCH REFRESHED BY GOOD NIGHT'S REST LEAVES HIS BED EARLY

Unable to Consult With Senators on League, but Assured Situation Is Good.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30. PRESIDENT WILSON arose early this morning and appeared refreshed by a night of rest, Secretary Tumulty announced. Although the President's condition precludes his taking any active part in directing the Peace Treaty fight in the Senate, he has shown much interest and received a report on the situation from Secretary Tumulty. Senators directing the Administration fight for ratification of the Treaty without amendment or reservation advised the President through Mr. Tumulty that the Treaty would not be amended and that no reservations which would require its re-submission would be adopted.

### JOHN MITCHELL'S ESTATE SAID TO BE WORTH \$250,000

Will Filed for Probate Was Signed, but Lack of Witnesses Makes It Invalid.

(Special to The Evening World.) WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Mrs. Catherine Mitchell of No. 3 Claremont Avenue, Mount Vernon, widow of John Mitchell, who was Chairman of the State Industrial Commission and former head of the United Mine Workers of America, submitted to Surrogate George A. Slater of Westchester County to-day a petition for letters of administration and also the last will and testament of her husband, which was signed by him but which had no witnesses. It is said that Mr. Mitchell wrote the document just previous to his undergoing an operation a short time before his death. The fact that the will was not properly attested will invalidate it.

The petition filed with the transfer tax affidavit shows that Mr. Mitchell left no real estate but stocks, bonds and cash worth \$250,000. The will was written on one of Mr. Mitchell's letter heads and was dated Aug. 30, 1919. The former labor head died in a New York hospital Sept. 9.

The following is a copy of the will which is in the handwriting of Mr. Mitchell: "Aug. 30, 1919. This my last will and testament. If I should not recover from the operation which I am about to undergo, I give my estate to the following persons in the following amounts: To my wife, Catherine Mitchell, 33 per cent; to each of my children an equal share of the remainder," provided, however, that from each share there shall be deducted an equal sum as to make ten thousand dollars. This ten thousand dollars shall be given to the following persons in the following amounts: Miss E. C. Morris, \$5,000; Miss Margaret Dunne, \$5,000; my brother, James Mitchell, \$1,000; my brother, Daniel Mitchell, \$1,000.

"JOHN MITCHELL." The papers were filed with Surrogate Slater by Judge Holden of the law firm of Holden & Cavanagh of Mount Vernon.

Mr. Mitchell owned many stocks and bonds in gold, railroad and industrial companies.

COLDS DO NOT HANG ON IF you take Parker's Kidney Pills. No should of despicable drugs—MAY.

### LANE CALLS PARSON 'INFERNAL LIAR' IN WEDDING MYSTERY

"Who Married You in 1912?" Preacher Asks Former Vice Chancellor.

"WHO CAME TO YOU?"

"You Did," Minister Reported to Have Married Him Retorts.

The Rev. Clarence Hill Frank of Stamford, Conn., who says he performed a marriage ceremony on April 4 for Grace Hercht and former Vice Chancellor Joseph Merritt Lane of Newark, N. J., was called "an infernal liar" by Lane to-day.

The minister and the lawyer met in the chancery chambers at Newark, and Lane's stenographer made a record of all that was said by the two. The interview was held behind closed doors. When it was over a group of reporters put this question to Lane:

"Did Dr. Frank marry you at Stamford on April 4 to Grace Hercht?" Lane replied:

"It becomes harder than ever to remain silent, but I won't answer now. When I do speak it will be a formal statement and not in piecemeal."

"Frank—'Mr. Lane?'"

"Lane—'Yes.'"

"Frank—I want to shake hands with you."

"Lane—I won't shake hands with you. I am obliged to see you because the newspapers, if I didn't see you, would spread a report that I was afraid to see you. I will not talk with you. I will talk to you now, here."

"Frank—Have you anything to say?"

"Lane—I consider you a notoriety seeking emissary of some one whom I do not know."

"Frank—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

"Frank—Because you have the advantage."

"Lane—Do you want to say that to me out in the street?"

"Lane—On the street? I say it to you now, here."

### CHICAGO NOT INCLUDED IN KING ALBERT'S TOUR OF CITIES OF AMERICA

Representative of State Department Says He Can't Explain Why Big City Was Omitted.

KING ALBERT of Belgium will not include Chicago in "his tour of America. Almost every other large city in the country is on the itinerary, and it may be necessary to pass near Chicago, but there will be no stop in that city.

A representative of the State Department, who is in New York to arrange for the reception of the Belgian royals, made the announcement this morning.

"The list was prepared by the State Department," he said. "I do not know why Chicago was not included."

"Was it because of the experience that Marshal Joffre had there?" a reporter asked.

"I do not know," was the reply.

### ARMY DISBANDED, BUT LIQUOR BAN WON'T BE LIFTED

Full Demobilization is Announced—Palmer Holds Dry Law Waits on Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Although the War Department declared in a statement to-day that the demobilization of the army and the progress of demobilization are at an end, the prohibition cannot be lifted until after the ratification of the Peace Treaty, in the opinion of Attorney General Palmer.

The prohibition law provides that it shall remain in force until after the termination of the war and the demobilization of the army. Mr. Palmer has held that the state of war does not end until the peace treaty has been ratified. President Wilson took a similar position in asking Congress early in the year to repeal the wartime prohibition law insofar as it affected light wines and beer.

The strength of the army as reported for Sept. 21 showed 33,965 officers and men in Europe, 8,100 in Siberia, 7,500 at sea on route home, 204,000 in the United States. After Oct. 31 an average strength of 32,250 will be maintained.

### NO-FARE STREET CARS URGED AS TRACTION CURE

Bay State Man Says Business Community Should Pay Operating Expenses.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Street cars should be run by traction elevators are operated by owners of skyscrapers, without charge to passengers, Ralph S. Bauer, President of the Associated Builders and Trades of Essex County, Massachusetts, told the Federal Electric Railway Commission to-day. The business community should be glad to pay the expenses, he said, because car fares are "taxes" on property.

"If it is good business for the public to later take off roads and bridges and spend millions to keep them up for the free use of the people," Mr. Bauer said, "I contend it is better business for the public to take over the moving highways and carry people for the service is almost entirely a social and not a transportation problem."

"Frank—What does a man come for?"

"Lane—You did."

"Frank—'I did? I came to you?'"

"Lane—'Yes, sir.'"

"Frank—You are an infernal liar. I came to you and asked you to do something."

"Frank—What does a man come for?"

"Lane—You did."

"Frank—'I did? I came to you?'"

"Lane—'Yes, sir.'"

"Frank—You are an infernal liar. I came to you and asked you to do something."

"Frank—What does a man come for?"

"Lane—You did."

"Frank—'I did? I came to you?'"

"Lane—'Yes, sir.'"

"Frank—You are an infernal liar. I came to you and asked you to do something."

### BAKER CUTS OUT RED TAPE IN CALLING FOR U. S. TROOPS TO SUPPRESS DISORDERS

Authorizes Commanding Generals to Act for Protection of Lives and Property Without Waiting for Specific Authority—Order Kept in Omaha by Bayonets.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Authority has been given commanding generals of military departments to furnish troops necessary for the protection of lives and property in case of disorders in the limits of their departments. Such protection can be furnished only upon request from the proper State officials, the instructions from Secretary Baker said.

It was explained that the action was taken to obviate the necessity of departmental commanders referring such requests to the department with consequent danger of the disorders getting out of control before action could be taken. On account of requests from the soldiers were delayed for hours in reaching Omaha after rioting began.

### FRENCH VOTE DOWN MOVE TO AMEND PEACE TREATY

House of Deputies Gives Premier Clemenceau Another Vote of Confidence.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The Chamber of Deputies today voted on a question of confidence in the Government. The Premier's demand for postponement of discussion of the motion of Deputy Andre Lefevre, instructing the Government to seek the adding of a rider to the Versailles treaty for the forcible disarmament of Germany, was agreed to by a vote of 365 to 155.

### QUEEN OF BELGIUM GIVES DINNER TO NURSE

Praises Sophia B. Kiel of the George Washington and Honors Her.

ON BOARD THE U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (City wireless to the Associated Press).—Queen Elizabeth gave a dinner last night in honor of Sophia B. Kiel, the chief nurse attached to the George Washington, and decorated her with the medal of Queen Elizabeth for her war service.

The Queen expressed to Miss Kiel her gratitude for the devotion of the women of America to the Belgians. She alluded to the many organizations founded by the women of the United States in their generous aid, which in every possible form had brought relief to Belgium. The Queen expressed her great pleasure in the knowledge that the men would be able personally to thank a great number of these women.

### \$10,000,000 LIFE POLICY.

Columbia and Heria Insures All Employees for \$10,000 Minimum.

CALENETTE, Mich., Sept. 30.—A life insurance contract for \$10,000,000 was made to-day by the Columbia and Heria and its ten subsidiary corporations. It is a limited policy covering the life of each of its employees in some form \$10,000.

### \$5,800,000 BID FOR TOWN.

Government Spent \$70,000,000 in Building Alton, W. Va.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Three bids were submitted to-day for the purchase of the Government-built powder plant City of Alton, W. Va. The highest was \$5,800,000. The city cost the Government \$70,000,000.

Sunday World "Wants" Work Monday Wonders

View the City from the WORLD HEADQUARTERS. Special for today, Tuesday, Sept. 30, 1919. London Mail with Prime Time Edition. 400 Colored Spectacles and New Liberty Calendars. 400 Table Cloth. 400. See How, World Building—MAY.

View the City from the WORLD HEADQUARTERS. Special for today, Tuesday, Sept. 30, 1919. London Mail with Prime Time Edition. 400 Colored Spectacles and New Liberty Calendars. 400 Table Cloth. 400. See How, World Building—MAY.